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TO THE SENATORS,

And to Them Alone, Does the Atlanta Postmaster Belong.

THE PRESIDENT WANTS THEM TO AGREE

And He Will Appoint the Man They Agree On.

MORE OFFICES TO FAVORITE STATES.

News and Gossip of the Day in Washington—Who Can Be Fighting Bascom Myrick?—South Carolina Fight.

Washington, April 3.—(Special.)—The president seems partial to New York and Massachusetts in his appointments, as will be seen from the list below. He gives these two states the two assistant secretaries of the treasury. Mr. Curtis is an anti-slapper.

Here are the nominations sent in today: William Edmund Curtis, of New York, to be assistant of the treasury, vice Genio M. Lambertson, resigned.

Charles S. Hamlin, of Massachusetts, to be assistant secretary of the treasury, vice John A. Gear, resigned.

James H. Eckles, of Illinois, to be comptroller of the currency.

James F. Melne, of the District of Columbia, to be assistant treasurer of the United States.

St. Strobe Farrow, of South Carolina, to be second auditor of the treasury.

John B. Bravley, of Pennsylvania, auditor of the treasury for the postoffice department.

James G. Willie, of Florida, deputy fifth auditor of the treasury.

Postmasters—James G. Moore, at Pratt City, Ala.; Isadore Zacharias, at Bainbridge, Ga.; Barnum W. Rensselaer, at Statesville, N. C.; W. O. Prentiss, at Beaufort, S. C.; John W. Clark, at Hixley, Tenn.

The Atlanta Postoffice.

Mr. Cleveland said today to several gentlemen who called upon him in regard to the Atlanta postoffice, that he had determined to leave the matter entirely to the senators. He hoped they would agree upon some man. He was told that Mr. Cooper had been a citizen of Atlanta for a short time, while the other two applicants had been residents of the city for many years.

"I do not believe in taking a new man for postmaster in a town the size of Atlanta, unless there be a general demand from the people for him," said Mr. Cleveland when this statement about Mr. Cooper's brief residence was made to him.

Still Mr. Cleveland has decided to hand off in this fight. He says the senators must agree upon a man, and whoever that may be he will appoint.

The South Carolina Fight.

T. Strobe Farrow, of South Carolina, who was appointed second auditor of the treasury today, is a "conservative" in the politics of that state. He was recommended by Senator Butler. The reform congressmen refused to endorse him, but in the face of this refusal Senator Butler's endorsement carried him through. This would seem to indicate that the president is not inclined to consider Senator Irbly and the reformers of South Carolina in making appointments from that state.

The president also appointed W. J. Prentiss postmaster at Beaufort upon the recommendation of Senator Butler. The reformers are very angry that the president should accept the recommendations of Senator Butler in preference to them.

Not Disposed to Remove Buck Now.

The president does not seem disposed to remove Marshall Buck immediately. He said today that it was not his policy to make removals without good cause. In the event, however, that it could be demonstrated to him that there was a general demand in the state for his removal and the reasons were good, he would do so. But it is not probable that any action in regard to his removal will be taken in some time.

Who Can Be Fighting Him?

Georgians here were surprised that the nomination of Mr. Bascom Myrick for consul general to Berlin was not sent to the senate this morning.

There was a rumor that his nomination had been antagonized by a prominent Georgian here on account of some of his past utterances of a personal nature in the American Times, that it could be demonstrated to him that there was a general demand in the state for his removal and the reasons were good, he would do so. But it is not probable that any action in regard to his removal will be taken in some time.

The Georgia Boys.

The president today appointed I. Zacharias postmaster at Bainbridge, vice L. H. Peacock removed. The appointment was made upon the earnest solicitation of Congressman Ben Russell.

The senate today confirmed the nominations of William Curtis, of New York, as assistant of the treasury, and James Brown as postmaster at Newnan.

Colonel Tom Chappell wants a consulship in South America.

Mr. Harvey Johnson has been doing some lively hustling today for the consulship he wants. Senator Gordon will carry him to see the president and secretary of state tomorrow.

Mr. Thomas R. Gibson, of the Augusta Evening News, is here to write some letters for his paper about how the Georgia boys are handling themselves in scrambling for spoils. It may be that Mr. Myrick will have a good consolation thrust upon him.

Mr. Robert Harbison, of Georgia, resigned his position in the land office today. A Georgian will probably be appointed to succeed him.

Georgia Fourth Class Postmasters.

Benjamin Harrison county, L. Bryant; Burke county, Laura A. Herrington; Bacon, Carroll county, M. A. Boyd; Meriwether county, W. J. Jennings; Powers, Houston county, T. J. Burden; Rixey, Emanuel county, G. Y. Rice; Tallulah county, H. R. Cannon.

TWO BURIED ALIVE.

Another One of Those Awful Horrors Reported.

THIS TIME AT HAZLETON, PA., NINE.

Water Breaks Through, and Washes the Men Away.

TEN MEN RESCUED FROM DEATH.

But There Are Two More Missing, and There Is Little Hope of Their Being Taken Out Alive.

Hazleton, Pa., April 3.—At 9:30 o'clock this morning another mine horror occurred just on the outskirts of this city. The mine is known as the Laurel Hill, and is operated by Pardee Brothers. The nature of the accident was almost a repetition of the Jeannette disaster of two years ago when eighteen men were drowned. A report that water was hurrying to the scene of the accident burst into the Laurel Hill, and that a cave-in followed it was at first circulated. About eight hundred men are employed in this mine. The effect produced by the report of the accident was electrifying. In less than five minutes one thousand men were hurrying to the scene of the disaster. Among the first to arrive was Frank Pardee, one of the operators. His intention of descending into the ill-fated mine was barely announced when twenty miners stepped forward to accompany him. They were at once lowered into the pit and when the carriage returned, Mine Superintendent Durkin, heading a band of rescuers, buried it and was immediately dropped into the fatal mine.

The mine is now working the sixth lift with the seventh in progress of sinking. The fifth lift is the point at which the accident occurred and is over six hundred yards below the surface. The men who were buried in the mine were not rescued until they were nearly reached the bottom when the signal to hoist again was given. It had on board a crowd of three grimy, excited miners. These three men had been caught by the tremendous rush of water and were carried by it to the foot of the slope. The three sustained serious injuries caused by being knocked against timbers. They were speedily conveyed to their homes.

The first authentic information of the disaster was then made known and proved a source of great relief to the throng of people assembled. The story of the accident, so far as can be ascertained at this writing, is as follows:

The east gateway of the fifth lift of Laurel Hill is driven on what is known as the Wharton vein. Another gateway from the same lift is driven on the big mammoth vein, situated in No. 3 colliery. The fifth lift of the latter alone has been nearly opened with probably one hundred yards of gateway leading off the bottom. It was about 9:30 o'clock this morning when Daniel Williams, the foreman, was about to bring on No. 39. Immediately after the blast went off, a terrible roar was heard and an immense body of water rushed down the shaft, carrying with it a large quantity of timber. The water broke through the current of air, and like a graphic signal, warned all of danger. The men fled in confusion, and in the confusion, two men were rescued and brought to the surface. Two men are still in the mines and have, no doubt, perished. They are Thomas Hudson and Jelling Trembly. The rescue of the two men was made by the miners who were in the mine when the water broke through. They were washed against rocks.

DEATH WAS INSTANTANEOUS.

The Most Successful Electrocution Yet at Sing Sing.

Sing Sing, N. Y., April 3.—James W. Hamilton, a colored man, who was convicted wife murderer, died in the electric chair today. The death warrant was read by Warden Brown in the condemned man's cell at 10:30 o'clock. Hamilton sat on the bed and showed some signs of emotion when the document was read. He then walked with firm step to the death chamber, and with a steady gaze, he looked at the executioner. He was seated in the chair with a glance of curious interest in the surroundings. His lips moved in prayer for the prisoner, which Father Creeden repeated, but no words could be heard.

Hamilton was quickly strapped in the chair. At 11:10:30 all connections were made and Warden Brown gave the signal. A current of 1,740 volts were turned forward and listened for heart beats and felt for the pulse. They declared the subject dead at 11:13:10.

The electrocution differed from all its predecessors in that only a single current was given. There was no scorching or scalding of the skin or steaming at the electrodes, and while the man was above medium height and stoutly built, he was evidently that death was instantaneous. Such was the verdict of all who were present who had seen former executions in the electric chair. Electrician Davis said it was the most successful at which he had officiated. He gave a voltage at 1,740 and amperes at 75-10.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED.

And Several Others Injured by a Railroad Collision in Missouri.

Edwardsville, Mo., April 3.—A terrible railroad accident occurred at 6:15 o'clock tonight on the Jacksonville Southern road when three men were killed and several others injured. A freight train, consisting of a locomotive, a passenger car, and a coal car, was struck by a passenger car. Four men were killed and several others injured. A number of others seriously wounded. The killed are: Cal Ahsbaugh, engineer; Jim Hamler, fireman; and Scotty Welsh, a workman in mine No. 2 at Glenclon. Among the injured were J. P. Vandeventer, baggageman, seriously; Walter Cunningham, engineer of the local, badly injured in neck.

SUICIDE OR ACCIDENT?

Carl Reitz, a Prominent Citizen of Savannah, Shoots Himself at the De Soit.

Savannah, Ga., April 3.—(Special.)—Carl A. Reitz, one of the most prominent German residents of Savannah, and a representative of a number of leading insurance companies, shot and killed himself tonight.

Whether it was a case of suicide or, as is claimed, an accidental death, must be settled by future events that develop. Opinion is divided among those acquainted with the facts of his death as to this.

The shooting occurred in Mr. Reitz's room in the Hotel de Soit. His wife had just left the room. Her husband had started to make arrangements for a trip on which he had announced he would start with her tomorrow. Soon after she left the room, the report of a gun was heard, and the room was filled with smoke. Porters were at once sent through the rooms to discover in which it had happened.

His body was seen lying upon the floor by the trunk. It was a ghastly sight. The whole upper part of his head was blown off, and the skull was visible. Some blood was protruding through the pulpy remnants, having been thrown forward by the force of the explosion. The blood and brains made a sickening spectacle.

It was found that one barrel of the gun, which was fully loaded with buckshot, had been discharged. It was thought that he might have taken the gun from the trunk and it was found that it was there. It is claimed that there was no reason for him to kill himself unless he was insane, and it is believed that there was any such reason existing. The shooting caused great excitement in the city, and the fact that the city as Reitz was known by all the residents was a strange event.

AN OLD MAN MURDERED.

Theresa Kill Him—His Body Terribly Mutilated.

Grassboro, Fla., April 3.—(Special.)—The dead body of Louis Warnot was found in a water closet here this morning. It was terribly mutilated and the old man had evidently been killed in a terrific struggle with his murderers. The instrument used was an axe, with which three severe cuts were made in the head and body. It was then hid in the wall woods and seen by Warnot had lived here eight or ten years. He had once been in business himself, but was at the time of the murder working for Geo. McDonald and slept in the store, which was looked after by the murderer. He was a quiet, inoffensive man and had no enemies.

It is believed that the murder was done to prevent detection in burglary, but there is not the slightest clue to the murderers. Later discoveries show that Warnot was murdered with an axe, and the handle of which had been sawed off. His temple was crushed and his head split in six places. Both pieces of the axe have been found and the weapon may yet be traced to the murderer. The body was taken by the murderers from the store, but most of the money was safely concealed in the old man's bed. Only a few dollars were taken, perhaps.

Warnot shot at a man who was attempting to break into the store several weeks ago. There is no clue which can be traced, but several persons are under suspicion and are being watched.

DID HER HUSBAND KILL HER?

A Woman Found Horribly Mutilated—The Theory of Her Death.

Montgomery, Ala., April 3.—(Special.)—About a mile north of the city yesterday morning some negroes found lying in an open field a woman who had been horribly murdered and in a dying condition. Near by was a double-barreled shotgun broken to pieces and the pieces covered with blood.

The woman was moved to a house near by where she died in three hours.

She was seen late Saturday with her husband in the vicinity, the latter having a shotgun on his back. He is believed to be the perpetrator of this crime.

BERESFORD'S SENTENCE STANDS.

The United States Supreme Court Affirms the Judgment.

Washington, April 3.—The supreme court today, in a long opinion rendered by Justice Jackson, declining to set aside the judgment rendered by the circuit court of the United States for the district of Columbia, affirmed the judgment of the circuit court of the United States for the district of Columbia, which had been rendered in the case of Beresford v. The United States.

The case was brought before the supreme court by a writ of habeas corpus, and the judgment of the circuit court was affirmed. The case was brought before the supreme court by a writ of habeas corpus, and the judgment of the circuit court was affirmed.

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AN INJUNCTION AGAINST ARTHUR.

For Issuing the Order That Caused the Boycott.

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The court held that Engineer Lennon, inasmuch as he had been twice ordered to move by the officials of the company, and did not do so until ordered to do so by the brotherhood officers, the boycott was raised, was guilty of contempt of court. The seven other men were discharged.

Judge Ricks read Judge Taff's decision in the Ann Arbor injunction case in which Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, was made a party. He decided that the whole brotherhood was a conspiracy against the law of the country, and that, inasmuch as Arthur gave the orders that precipitated the boycott, the order for a temporary injunction against Arthur, as prayed for, was allowed.

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And Armed Forces Disbanding in Indian Territory.

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HESTER'S STATEMENT.

Showing the Movement of Cotton for the Month of March.

New Orleans, April 3.—The movement of the cotton crop, as given in Secretary Hester's monthly New Orleans cotton change statement issued this morning, shows that the amount of cotton brought in sight for March was the smallest for that month since 1890. The deficiency, which at the close of February was 2,210,565 compared with last year, and 1,718,894 compared with the year before, has been increased to 2,358,797 under the former and 1,885,540 under the latter. The total number of bales brought in sight during the thirty-one days of March, 1891, show a decrease from last year of 146,232, and from the year before of 17,168.

The movement from the 1st of September to March 31st includes total receipts at all United States delivery ports of 4,538,319, against 4,681,150 last year and 4,521,476 the year before; net overseas movement by railroads across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers, 707,031, against 1,111,694

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VOTE ON THE BONDS

For the Waterworks Is What Council
Wants the People to Do.

THE COUNCIL IN SESSION 80 DEGREES,

And in Addition to That Says the Electric
Light Company Must Clean the Bridge.

Atlanta will have an election for \$182,000 of waterworks bonds on Tuesday, May 16th, next.

An ordinance providing for the election in all its details was adopted by the general council at a regular meeting yesterday afternoon.

The new issue of bonds will not increase Atlanta's present bonded debt, as the bonds proposed are simply to take the place of \$182,000 of bonds which have already been issued and sold.

Something over a year ago the city of Atlanta authorized the making of \$182,000 of waterworks bonds by the general council of 1892. In January last those bonds, which had been made and prepared by the general council of the year before, together with about \$50,000 of redemption bonds, were placed on the market. The small edition of bonds was quickly taken at par by the American Trust and Banking Company and by the Capital City Bank, while the big edition of \$182,000 of waterworks bonds proper were sold to the same gentlemen, who resided then in New York.

After the sale of the bonds, but before they had been paid for, an error was found in their construction. The law authorizing the issuing of the bonds gave them date of January 1, 1893. The 1st of January happened to fall on Sunday and as soon as that was ascertained the general council legislated so as to make the bonds bear date of January 2d.

After the bonds were turned over to the purchasers in New York the attorneys for the buyers gave the laws of Georgia a thorough study and finally came to the conclusion that the bonds, while not illegal, were defective. The purchasers were not anxious, however, to back down from the trade, but notified the Atlantians that they would gladly take the bonds if the defect was corrected. That defect, it appears, was in the fact that the attorneys thought the people of Atlanta had not had proper and sufficient notice of the election before it came off. Mayor Goodwin and City Attorney Anderson held a conference with the finance committee of the general council and those who engaged in the conversation were of the opinion that the best way out of the middle was to order another election and vote upon the bonds again.

Mr. Stockell, chairman of the committee, was instructed to draw an ordinance providing for the election and have it ready for the meeting of the council Monday.

Mr. Stockell carried out the request of his associates and when the general council came together yesterday he was on hand with the ordinance.

The paper was turned over to Clerk Woodward, who read it. It provides for an election on Tuesday, May 16, 1893, for one hundred and eighty-two bonds of \$1,000 each, bearing date of June 1, 1893.

The bonds by the ordinance are to run for thirty years and are to be paid in gold coin, bearing interest at the rate of 4 per cent, payable semi-annually in January and July. The bonds, the ordinance says, are to be sold at the best price attainable whether at par or below par or above par. After these bonds are issued the series of \$182,000, which is now out, is to be taken up and canceled.

It provides for a special registration for the election and says the books must be opened from April 5th and run until May 11th. It then designates those who can vote and provides for the publication of the ordinance for thirty days.

After the ordinance had been read Mr. Stockell related the conversations and correspondence which had passed between the purchasers of the bonds and the city of Atlanta. He declared that there was no real evidence of illegality in the bonds, but thought it would be better for Atlanta's credit to relieve the bonds of any suspicion of illegality.

The ordinance was then placed on its second reading and was adopted without a dissenting vote.

A communication was received from Captain James W. English and Hon. Jacob H. H. Smith, calling attention to the bonds they bought from the city and asking them to have the money they paid in returned upon the surrender to the city of the bonds.

A resolution by Mr. Stockell, complying with the request was adopted.

He was Reappointed Comptroller.

Mayor Goodwin sent in a letter naming Mr. J. H. Goldsmith as comptroller for the next two years, and asking the general council to confirm the nomination.

"I move," said Mr. Northen, "that the nomination be confirmed. Mr. Goldsmith has made a splendid officer and should receive the nomination and the confirmation which I know is coming."

The roll call gave every one of the vote to Mr. Goldsmith.

He Wants One Hundred Dollars.

Mr. Henry McDaniel, the well known civil engineer, sent in a letter asking the general council to appropriate \$100 for the work he has done in preparing plans for the new Atlanta street extension. In his letter Mr. McDaniel took occasion to say that work was moving along slowly and that more ginger should be injected into it. His letter was an indirect criticism of others who are in charge of the matter.

He Will Go to Law.

Mr. Will Maher, the contractor on the Forsyth street bridge, presented a letter informing the general council that he would not go on with the work on the bridge, notwithstanding the demands of the general council. With the letter he presented a bill for extra work he claims to have done and the bill of extras amounted to \$7,196.40. In his letter Mr. Maher declared that the controversy between him and the city was one the courts might settle.

Mr. Hirsch, chairman of the bridge committee, presented a report on the paper which had been in his hands for some days touching the matter, and in that report the committee said the work would be carried on and paid for out of the money the city now owes Mr. Maher, the contractor. The report of the committee was adopted.

Over the New Bridge.

The committee on electric and other railways, Mr. Peters, chairman, presented a report allowing the Atlanta Traction Company to cross the Forsyth street bridge upon the payment to the city annually of \$700.

The railroad company is to pay the city the money quarterly, and is to give a bond in the sum of \$2,000 for the faithful carrying out of the contract. The contract is full and complete and in it the city reserves the right to allow any other railroad company to use the tracks. The report of the committee was adopted.

The comptroller's report showed the unexpended appropriations to be \$1,917,631.69.

Some Petitions Presented.

The Atlanta Real Estate Company asked for a sewer on Washington street.

J. E. Little asked for a retail liquor license at 14 Decatur street.

W. T. Rodgers wanted a retail beer license at 24 West Peters street.

W. D. Grant and others asked for a sewer on Glenn to Whitehall street.

The Atlanta Street Railroad Company asked for permission to use Fair, Porter, Tanner and Hilliard streets in the construction of an electric line.

Residents on Wheat street asked to have the name of that part of the street between

the Boulevard and Irwin street changed to Auburn avenue.

Residents on Butler street asked for Belgian blocks on that street.

Building Permits Granted.

The fire department committee, Mr. Colvin chairman, recommended that building permits be granted Gottlieb & Sinkovitz, 142 Decatur street; Eisenman & Co., corner Marietta and Foundry street; M. F. Holland, 91 Walton street; G. W. Adair, agent, 176 Decatur street; John Silver, 8 and 8 1/2 Decatur street; M. C. Kiser, 51 North Pryor street. All of the recommendations were granted.

Boatblocks Must Register.

Mr. Hill, of the ordinance committee, presented an ordinance requiring all boatblocks to register with the chief of police, by whom they should be assigned a stand. The ordinance provided for a penalty which will fill the city stockade with small negroes if the new law is violated.

Mr. Reneau's Bicycle Ordinance.

Mr. Hill, chairman of the ordinance committee, reported an ordinance in accordance with the one introduced at the last meeting by Mr. Reneau relative to bicycle riding. The ordinance made it the roller skating on the sidewalk or to run over the streets on roller skates.

"Well, I move," said Mr. Stockell, "to table this paper. Little children who are amusing themselves on tricycles cannot go into the streets, for it is too dangerous. I see no reason why they should be made to ride on the streets."

Mr. Meador thought that the roller skating on the sidewalk and the riding of tricycles on the streets by children was dangerous.

"I have never ridden a bicycle," said Mr. Beattie, "but I have three members of my family who do, and they all assure me that it is only a question of time when I will be mounting one of them. They are rapidly coming into favor, and I think the most essential thing we can do in the way of legislation is to regulate the speed. Six miles an hour is fast enough for them to go. That pace beats the buggy horse I have had for the last twenty years, and ought to be fast enough for any one. Only a short time ago a prominent minister in Washington, D. C., was killed by being run over by one of the machines, and I think the speed should be regulated. I would suggest that the ordinance be referred to the ordinance committee."

The ordinance was again sent back to the committee.

To Change the Name of Thompson Street.

Mr. Hill presented an ordinance changing the name of Thompson street to Manchester avenue. The ordinance was the response to a petition of the residents of the city to have the name changed from Thompson street.

Mr. Stockell objected to the name suggested.

"Oh, well, let's compromise and make it Cleveland avenue," said Mr. Colvin.

"Why not call it Tammany lane?" said Mr. Harralson.

"That'll suit me," said Mr. Colvin.

Mr. Beattie opposed the change in the name, declaring that the street had been named for one of Atlanta's most prominent men who had long since gone to his last rest. Main street was substituted for Manchester avenue and the ordinance was adopted, but before the meeting adjourned notice was given that a motion would be made to reconsider the matter at the next meeting of the general council.

Some Barroom Licenses.

A retail liquor license was granted W. E. Bates on Alabama street. Beer licenses were granted Thomas Nunan at 257 Mangum street, and to S. C. Henley at 595 Marietta street.

More Sewers.

Ordinances were adopted placing sewers along Washington street from Bass to Conolly at a cost of \$2,050.

Ordinances were presented by Mr. Peters, chairman of the sewer committee, and read the first time authorizing the construction of sewers along and in Lyons avenue at a cost of \$850; along and in Fleming street at a cost of \$1,400; along and in Hunter street at a cost of \$582; along and in Cherry street at a cost of \$350.

Belgian Blocks Again.

Belgian blocks were ordered on Currier street at a cost of \$5,100, and on Fair street at a cost of \$21,000.

Mr. Reneau presented a resolution authorizing the city engineer to go ahead with work on the McDaniel street bridge at a cost of \$500, the money to be paid by the railroad company.

The Grady Hospital.

Mr. Martin presented a resolution instructing the Grady hospital officers to make daily returns of money collected to the comptroller.

Mr. Hirsch was on his feet in an instant and declared that he knew such a thing could not be done. He declared that the general council had nothing to do with the Grady hospital. The council had elected a board of trustees and laid down the laws under which it should be worked, and that ended the matter.

Mr. Meador thought the law should be changed or that the hospital officers should comply with it.

So did Mr. Rice and Mr. Martin.

The matter was referred to the board of trustees of the hospital.

After the Telegraph Companies.

Mr. Reneau presented an ordinance requiring all the telegraph companies in the city to pay a license tax on every pole of 4 in the corporate limits. It was referred to the tax committee.

Mr. Martin presented a resolution calling attention to Luckie street and other streets over which the Chattahoochee river road runs, and requiring that road to put the streets in good condition. It was referred to the street committee.

Mr. Stockell presented a resolution allowing a discount of 2 per cent on all money paid into the city in the way of taxes during the month of May.

After the Electric Light People.

Mr. Rice presented a resolution in which he recited the fact that there was a contract between the city and the Georgia Electric Light Company, and the further fact that all the big globes were dirty, and declaring that the dirt in the globes made the light lose from 10 to 15 per cent of its power. The resolution called upon the company to clean the globes or to forfeit \$500. It was adopted.

Hunting for a New Home.

Mr. Stockell presented a resolution directing the committee on public buildings and grounds to look for a location for new offices in which the business of the city could be transacted.

Janitor Mercantile Exchange, N. Y.

"It saves one-half the time, one-half the labor. All Janitors should use it." The Modern Cleaner

OPIMUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio. dec'd by sat tue fri wk

WITHOUT PAIN OR CONFINEMENT. Opium and Whisky Habits Cured at Your Home.

Patients continue business while under treatment. Whisky and all other drugs stopped immediately on beginning treatment. No need them. No treatment yet discovered to compare with it. Have given special study and practice to these diseases for the past twenty years, with continued and successful increase in practice. Book of cures free. B. M. Woolley, M.D., Atlanta, Ga.

The Peachtree Auction Is Tomorrow. Beautiful lots, high and shady between Colonel B. B. Abbott and Joseph Thompson. Goods & Beck have place.

Auction. Attend sale of central business property at 135 Whitehall at 12 o'clock today.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipation.

It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

WEAK-MAN Cure Yourself IN FIFTEEN DAYS. I will send FREE to any man the prescription of a new and positive remedy to enlarge small weak organs, and cure every weakness in young or old men. Cures cases of Lost Manhood, Emissions and Varicocele in 10 days; diseases never cured before. Correspondence private, all letters sent in plain sealed envelope. Address Chas. E. Case, Proprietor, Dealer, Box 9, Marshall, Mich.

CASTORIA for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Acheson, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and the means of the world known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep 'Castoria' within easy reach." CARLOS MARTIN, D. D., Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church, New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

"Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation, Killa Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication."

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARSONS, M. D., "The Withrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

NEW GOODS!

We have just received Fifty New Styles OF SUITINGS, The latest and nobbiest patterns to be found. Choice this week— Suit to Order \$20. Extraordinary values, equal to what other Tailors charge \$40 for. We are turning out great quantities of work, and our customers are all perfectly satisfied. We have the largest assortment of styles in the city. Prices are Very Low! Order your Spring clothes now and here. Satisfaction guaranteed in every way.

Kahn Bros., THE LEADING TAILORS, 8 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

The Enemy and Conqueror of Cholera

DRIN PURE WATER A Preventative Against Cholera, Typhoid, Scarlet, And Malarial FEVERS!

2-Gal. FILTER \$5.00 3-Gal. FILTER \$7.00 5-Gal. FILTER \$9.00

The fact of this terrible disease now WITHIN OUR BORDER the fame of the celebrated Stone Filter having triumphed over all competition, will rise and declare itself the enemy and conqueror of cholera. No family should be without it. Sold only by Hunnicut & Bellingrath Co., Atlanta, Ga.

STONE WATER FILTER

"HEALING IN ITS WINGS."

One Dose—Tyrner's DYSPEPSIA REMEDY

Will correct indigestion in five minutes. It assists the gastric juice in its work.

THE HEALING OF THE NATIONS ACCOMPLISHED BY TYNER'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY.

Nearly every disease is traceable to Dyspepsia. CURE IT and the mother of diseases is dead. Death to Dyspepsia is life to the individual. Have you life-enjoyable, radiant and happy life? If not, use Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. It gives it. For sale by all druggists.

CHAS. O. TYNER, MANUFACTURING CHEMIST. CORNER MARIETTA AND BROAD STREETS, ATLANTA, GA.

SOOTHING REMEDY of incomparable benefit to those suffering with DYSPEPSIA. It is pleasant and does its work well.

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ATTRACTION

IN GOOD POINTS.

Is especially possessed by my shoes. Will wear well. Their soles have durability, their uppers great stability.

The people understand that my shoes are made to stand in. The wear and tear of every-day life they strongly resist. Spring stock ready for you.

R. C. BLACK, 35 Whitehall Street. mar 29-1y tues fri sun top col

GOLD Parlor Goods. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

B. VIGNAUX, FRENCH RESTAURATEUR. Restaurant and Ladies' Cafe. No. 16 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Telephone 201. Regular Meals 35 Cents. With Wine 50 Cents.

Wedding Presents THE LARGEST STOCK AT LOWEST PRICES Is to be found at the

A. L. Delkin Co MANUFACTURING JEWELERS, 69 Whitehall street, next to High's. No branch store.

N. B.—We pay special attention to the manufacture of Badges, Rings and the re-setting of Diamonds. 69 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

NEW GOODS!

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One Dose—Tyrner's DYSPEPSIA REMEDY

DR. FOX SAYS

That Major J. M. Couper's Name Does
Not Appear on the Tax Books,
EXCEPT AS PAYING \$1 THIS YEAR.

Dr. Fox's Friends Search the State and
County Records, and Say That His
Name Cannot Be Found.

The citizenship of Major James M. Couper is going to figure in the contest for the Atlanta postmaster.

For some time it has been stated that Major Couper is not a citizen of Atlanta or has not been for any length of time. Last Saturday this appeared in The Herald.

The point has been made by Dr. Fox's friends that Major Couper is not a citizen of Atlanta, or if a citizen, has become so within a short time.

Yesterday morning Major Couper published a card in The Constitution, and in the card said:

"I have claimed citizenship in this city and county since then (ten years ago when he built the first residence on Ponce de Leon avenue). I have paid my taxes here as a resident, and I have my receipts for the same. I do not deny that Mr. Cleveland and the straight democratic ticket, but have never cast a vote in any other place since leaving Brunswick."

This was a denial by Major Couper, and Dr. Fox's friends went to the records to see when he paid his taxes.

Speaking of the result of the search yesterday, Dr. Fox said:

"Major Couper's name appears on Andy Stewart's books only once. He paid \$1 January 3, 1893, for poll tax for 1892. For three years prior to that his name does not appear on the records as making returns or paying taxes. The property where he resides in the city, on Ponce de Leon avenue, is returned by Mrs. Couper, but the major's name is there only the one time, and that last January. A search of the digest in the comptroller general's office, at the capitol, fails to show that Major Couper has made any returns from McIntosh or Glynn counties during recent years. His name is not down there as paying poll tax of late. If he has paid all taxes as required of him, the records do not show it."

Major Couper stated to a Constitution reporter that he has the receipts.

Dr. Fox's friends point to the books and say:

"Please show us the evidence? Here is the record and it does not show it."

That Major Couper is a resident of Atlanta they do not dispute, but they do take issue with the claim that he is a citizen, which they say implies that he has paid all taxes required of him. The property on the avenue was returned at \$10,000 for several years, but the last return is for \$3,333, indicating that some of it had been sold.

"Major Couper may be a resident of Atlanta as he claims, but unless he has paid his taxes he is not a citizen entitled to vote," said one of Dr. Fox's friends. "I do not understand how he could vote last fall unless he had paid all his poll tax up to that time, and there is no record of it."

Dr. Fox has not sent off any more batches of letters for a week or so. He got hundreds of them and made them up in packages of 500 and forwarded them to Washington.

Colonel Livingston left for Washington last night. He will stay more than a few days he said. He has several postoffices in the district to look after, and the congressman is going to press the names of democrats for the places. He will inquire when action will probably be taken on the Atlanta postoffice, but he does not think it will be for some time.

The Result of Merit.

When anything stands a test of fifty years among a discriminating people like the Americans, it is pretty good evidence that there is merit somewhere. The value of a medicine is best proved by its continued use from year to year by the same persons and families, as well as by a steady increasing sale. Few, if any, medicines have met with such continued success and popularity as has BRANDRETH'S PILLS, which, after a trial of over fifty years, are conceded to be the safest and most effective purgative and blood purifier introduced to the public.

That this is the result of merit, and that BRANDRETH'S PILLS actually perform all that is claimed for them, is conclusively proved by the fact that those who regard them with the greatest favor are those who have used them the longest.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar coated.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa contains the most perfect and purest Cocoa will not disintegrate.

Auction.

Jentzen property at No. 125 Whitehall will be sold today at 12 o'clock.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Order of Circuit, with the Number of Cases Remaining Undisposed Of.

Atlanta 11, Tallapoosa 1, Stone Mountain 1, Middle 1, Milledgeville 1, Augusta 1, Chatham 1, Macon 1, Chatham 1, Western 1, Northeastern 1, Blue Ridge 1, Cherokee 1, Brunswick 1.

Proceedings Yesterday.

After delivery of the decisions elsewhere published, arguments were heard in the following cases:

Lucas v. State, Pritchett v. State, Patton v. State and Harmon v. State from Hibb. John R. Cooper, for plaintiffs in error. W. H. Felton, Jr., solicitor general, by brief, contra.

Ford v. State and Burks v. State from Sumter. Hinton & Cutts and J. A. Hixon for plaintiffs in error. C. B. Hudson, solicitor general, by Hudson & Black, contra.

Davis v. State, from Muscogee. A. A. Dozier and H. C. Cameron, by brief, for plaintiff in error. T. Y. Crawford, solicitor, by W. A. Tigler, contra.

Bell v. State, Schnell v. State, from Muscogee. Blackford & Grimes and H. C. Cameron for plaintiff in error. T. Y. Crawford, solicitor, by W. A. Tigler, contra.

Mason v. State, from Fulton. Withdrawn.

Adjourned to next Monday. A week's notice will be given of the call of the Atlanta circuit.

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and Throat troubles. Sold only in boxes.

Auction.

Attend sale of central business property at 135 Whitehall at 12 o'clock today.

Go to No. 20 Highland Avenue Today. At 3:30 and buy it at your own price. Goode & Beck.

Auction.

Jentzen property at No. 125 Whitehall will be sold today at 12 o'clock.

THE GOLDEN CHORD, WHICH MAY DIE.

Which Once Held Fond Hearts in Common
Bond,
IS NOW VERY SADLY STRAINED.

Colonel Ellis Relied on Mr. Hoke Smith,
and the Result Was That Mr. Joe
James Was Successful.

Above the music of the bands and the booming of the cannon which greet successful candidates returning from Washington, the echo of the map of the broken chord of a friendship once as strong as that which bound Damon to Pythias.

Prior to the time President Cleveland called from Atlanta a counselor to sit at his table round, there were no faster friends than the present secretary of the interior and the president of the Cleveland Club of Fulton county.

And now there is a serious misunderstanding and while reconciliation is hoped for, the sad fact remains that a thorough explanation has not been made yet. Time may smooth out everything, and it is trusted that it will, and that the past will be forgotten and forgiven.

The rupture grew out of the attorneyship of the Northern district. In the contest were Colonel Joe James, of Douglasville; Captain W. D. Ellis, of Atlanta; and Colonel Timney Rucker, of Athens.

It was a long and a bitter fight and victory finally came to the man from Douglasville. Colonel Rucker became assistant Mr. Hall, of Covetta, who was a candidate for assistant, was offered a position in the interior department. Captain Ellis came home and devotes himself to the practice of his profession.

A few months ago the outcome of the race was highly problematical. Colonel James got the endorsements of nearly all the Georgia delegation in congress.

Mr. Hoke Smith, who was regarded as a possible member of the cabinet, was counted on to give Captain Ellis a support that would simply make it impossible for Mr. Cleveland to appoint any one else.

And besides, it was understood that Senator Gordon had promised to support Captain Ellis. In fact, Senator Gordon suggested to Captain Ellis to enter the race.

Finally Mr. Smith was called to the capitol as the leading representative of the Cleveland element in Georgia.

In the days immediately succeeding the inauguration the white house was visited daily by delegations of Georgians. Senator Gordon threw himself into the work of helping his friends with all the enthusiasm of his nature.

He was on the go constantly and sometimes applicants could not keep up with him so hard did he rush. Indeed, Hon. Mr. Herrington, of Macon, one day hired a carriage to get the senator's escort over to the white house and General Gordon was so busy with others that he and a number of them rode off in Mr. Herrington's carriage and forgot all about returning for him.

Captain Ellis was making more of a still hunt than his competitors. He went alone to see the attorney general and said that somebody had given him a splendid recommendation to Mr. Olney. General Gordon, in his impetuous way, threw his arms around Captain Ellis, and said that he loved him and once went so far as to assure him that he would die for him if necessary.

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SPEAKER CRISP.

He Was in Atlanta Last Night Going to
America.

TALKS ABOUT THE EXTRA SESSION.

His Room Crowded with Men Who Want
Office—Pleasant and Affable, He
Wins Friends of Them All.

Speaker Crisp reached Atlanta at 4 o'clock on the vestibule limited from Washington and was at the Kimball last night.

He was not in the city fifteen minutes before his room, 106 at the Kimball, was well crowded with applicants for office. They were all friends of the speaker and he was kept busy talking with them until a late hour last night.

Judge Crisp was looking unusually well and happy to see his old Georgia friends again. He is a man who naturally loves his friends and has the best way of showing it of all public men who have lately risen to a high degree of national distinction.

When seen by a Constitution reporter last night the speaker talked freely about political affairs and the national capital and expressed pleasure and gratification as a southern democrat at the friendly recognition Georgia and the entire south is receiving at the hands of the administration.

He also is assured from the aspect things are assuming at the capital that nothing is to be left undone by the party in power to so reform the machinery of the government as to insure a rule that will be beneficial to the country and the whole country.

"The impression seems to be in Washington and elsewhere that there will be an extra session of congress," said Speaker Crisp, "and it is said the session will be called early in September. This, I say, is the impression."

"I am glad of it, if it be true. I have always been in favor of an extra session, myself, and wanted to see it come right after the inauguration. Of course that is past now and out of the question, but I shall be glad if the president should call an extra session early in September, or even earlier, for the purpose of getting things in shape for making a speedy reform in the tariff."

"You see we can get a good and satisfactory law passed by the end of this year if we meet in September, and send it to the senate after Christmas, and by this time next year we can have it safely landed beyond congress. This would give us plenty of time to get the law in full operation before the next election. It will take some time this way to get the benefits of the law, but the people and when that is done the advantage of such reform will be a living reality, and the people fully enjoying it will proclaim the truth of democratic policy again at the next election, with even greater emphasis."

"What about the silver question?" was asked.

"There will unquestionably be some favorable turn made in that respect by the democratic congress. The party is a unit for a more liberal currency, and the only differences among party leaders are as to the means of attaining the end in view. There are pretty well agreed that we do not mean anything. Something will be done, you may believe, to bring a better condition of affairs financially to the country."

Speaker Crisp said that there are not near so many Georgians at the capital seeking office as it would appear from reading the newspapers. There is a very small number of them there he thinks, but not too many, by any means.

"I want to say this to you," he resumed, "that there was never a better set of men there from Washington after office than right now. There was never a better set of men there for office from any state than there is in our city now. There are men who deserve office. Men I love to endorse and help to get office. I wish every one of them could get what they want, but of course they cannot. Somebody has to get left now and then."

Speaker Crisp has remained in Washington this long to help out a number of his friends, and will continue to help them. He is a man who loves to aid his friends. They all know it, too, for not a single Georgian has come from Washington yet without expressing great and enthusiastic friendship and gratitude to Judge Crisp for what he did for them there.

Judge Crisp will go to his home in America this morning.

ORPHEUS-CARLISE CONCERT

The Orpheus-Carlise concert, which takes place at the Grand Thursday evening, April 6th, promises to be a grand success. The Orpheus Club consists of fourteen male voices under the direction of Mr. S. H. Cole. The Carlise Banjo and Guitar Club consists of eight members, under director J. C. Carlisle. These clubs have been required several times to give a concert by large numbers of their friends. This is the first time they have appeared in this capacity, though both have sung and played on many occasions for various church and other entertainments in the city during the past winter charge for their services. They will be assisted on this occasion by the following well-known artists, who need no introduction to an Atlanta audience: Miss Alice C. McGill, mezzo soprano; Mr. Henry Howell, pianist; Mr. S. H. McAfee, solo euphonium, and Atlanta Military Band.

Tickets are now on sale at Miller's. Price 50 cents. No extra charge for reserving. A large number of tickets have been sold, almost 1,000. Several parties are coming in from the suburban towns and having seats reserved together, one party alone reserving twenty-eight. This occasion will be the last performance given at the Grand this season, and those who have not seen the house will fall to see it this season unless they attend on this occasion. The personnel of the clubs are as follows:

Orpheus Club.
First Tenors—E. S. Lumpkin, C. G. Price, J. L. Sutton.
Second Tenors—H. H. Morse, I. E. Sargent, T. J. Day.
First Bass—J. C. Johnson, H. A. Ethridge.
Second Bass—H. S. Cole, E. P. Morgan, W. W. Orr.

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Fletcher Hall, M. D., F. R. S. L. A., J. W.
Haigham, M. D., Consulting Physicians
100 North Pryor Street. Permanently
Located.

THE SUPREME COURT.

Decisions Rendered Monday, April 3, 1893.

REPORTED FOR THE CONSTITUTION

By Peoples and Stevens, Reporters for the Supreme Court of Georgia.

Metropolitan Street Railroad Co. v. Johnson. Practice. Evidence. Negligence. Railroad. Husband and wife. Damages. Before Judge Van Epps. City court of Atlanta.

1. Where a question to a witness is objected to as leading, and the court, without directly sustaining the objection, suggests a better form, which is adopted by the examining counsel, there is in this no cause for a new trial.

2. On the trial of an action against a street railroad company for damages to the plaintiff occasioned by negligent injury to his wife, sustained in consequence of running a dummy against her while she was endeavoring to cross a street in front of a train, it is not competent to prove what was the usual custom of pedestrians when they undertook to cross a street along which cars drawn by dummies were passing.

3. In an action by a husband for loss of his wife's services occasioned by a tortious personal injury to her, he can recover the reasonable value of such services as have been lost to him from the time of the injury to the date of trial; and in calculating the amount, the jury may take into consideration the nature of the services, and all the circumstances of the case. There need be no direct or express evidence of value, either by the day, week, month, or any other period of time, of any aggregate sum. The peculiar relation which the wife sustains to her husband and his household takes her services out of the rules of law which apply to computing the value of services rendered by hirelings or ordinary servants.

Judgment affirmed. Cross bill of exceptions dismissed.

N. J. and T. A. Hammond, for plaintiff in error.

Burton Smith and W. H. Pope, contra.

Wickowski v. Stubbs, Lien. Void sale. Title. Agency. Estoppel. Judgment. Verdict. Before Judge Ross. City court of Macon.

1. A livery stable keeper who, in order to enforce the lien given him by section 1986 of the code, sells the property by virtue of no authority except that conferred by sections 1992 and 2140, cannot become the purchaser. A sale made by himself, in any event, voidable; and if made without giving the full thirty days notice required by the sections last above cited, is absolutely void.

2. If, after making a void sale to himself, the livery stable keeper sell the animal to another at private sale, making the sale as owner and not as agent, the purchaser will acquire no title as against the original owner who left the horse in the stable, although the latter had authorized the keeper to sell, and the agent. The keeper, having appropriated the animal and sold it for his own benefit, made no attempt to execute the agency, and did not execute it.

3. An action by the original owner against the purchaser from the keeper for the recovery of the property is not barred by a judgment against the keeper in a previous action of like kind brought by him against the keeper, the verdict on which that judgment was based showing upon its face not only that the action was brought before the title to the property in that action, was guilty of any conversion of the property, but also that it was rendered on that ground alone, it thus appearing that the title to the property was not then passed upon or adjudicated.

4. The question of whether the livery stable keeper's bill, charged upon the animal, could be used by the purchaser from the keeper in mitigation of damages not having been made in the pleadings, in any part of the case, the court, as accepted to nor by request to charge, and the evidence being conflicting as to whether in fact any such bill was justly due or owing, there is no error in giving aside the verdict as excessive for the reason that no part of the alleged bill was allowed by the jury.

Judgment affirmed.

Dessau & Bartlett, for plaintiff in error.

J. A. Thomas and J. W. Robinson, contra.

Fitz, solicitor general v. Black, et al., commissioners. Evidence. Admission. Practice. Officer. Attorney. County. Hire of convicts. Interest. Demand. Before Judge Milner. Gordon superior court.

1. Admission by an officer of court in an answer to a rule against him for money collected may be considered as evidence of facts necessary to establish his liability, notwithstanding the court in its order making the rule absolute may improperly go further and order the answer to be stricken. The order to strike is irregular, and may be treated as surplusage.

2. A solicitor general or attorney at law who, with the consent of the board of county commissioners, hires a convict, and out certain misdemeanor convicts, is not entitled to payment out of the hire for his services either in hiring or in collecting the hire. There is no law authorizing payment for such services from the funds of the county.

3. Under section 3036 of the code, a rule absolute against an officer of court for money collected bears interest from its date until satisfied, at twenty per cent per annum, whether a written demand for payment of the money was previously made or not.

4. The fact that the rule absolute was rendered after the passage of the act of October 16, 1891, in relation to the hiring of misdemeanor convicts, does not bring the case within the provisions of that act, as it relates exclusively to cases arising from and after its passage, and the money for which the rule absolute was granted was collected before.

5. Under the decision made by this court in this case at October term, 1891, (88 Ga. 288), the court below did not err in making the rule against the solicitor general absolute.

Judgment affirmed.

Albert S. Johnson, for plaintiff in error.

Dabney & Fouché, contra.

Gordon, governor v. Trimmer, Husband and wife. Deed. Delivery. Evidence. Title. Prescription. Before Judge Milner. Catosa superior court.

1. If a husband, being the owner of two adjacent town lots, executes to his wife a deed embracing both, though using in the description the number of one of them only, this would be a conveyance of both, provided the deed was delivered and it did not convey neither. Recording the deed or having it recorded would be sufficient, but not conclusive, evidence of delivery. If, notwithstanding the recording, it be shown affirmatively that there was really no delivery, and that the intention to deliver was abandoned, the deed would be inoperative. Should the deed embrace only one of the lots, it would convey no more, and the same rule as to delivery would, of course, apply.

2. If a father was the owner of two adjacent town lots lying in the angle formed by the junction of a street with an alley, and conveyed to his daughter certain premises (not specifying the quantity or dimension) described as lying in that angle but designated by a number not corresponding with the number of either of the lots, and afterwards died intestate, the presumption is that he misdescribed the number of the lot which he intended to convey, but there is no presumption that he intended to convey both lots, although they were enclosed together and his residence was located on one or both of them. His intention in this respect would be open to determination by extrinsic evidence of all relevant facts and circumstances. If he intended to convey both, although he specified but

a single number, the daughter would acquire title to both. If, however, he intended to convey only one, and afterwards died intestate still owning the other, his widow, unless she took dower, would inherit from him at least one-half undivided interest in the other, and this would be subject to levy and sale as her property under a judgment against her.

3. Whilst a claim case is pending, an incomplete prescriptive term as between the claimant and the defendant in a. fa. will not become complete as against the plaintiff in a. fa., risk levy having been made and the claim interposed whilst prescription was running but before it had ripened.

Judgment reversed.

Il. J. & J. McCamy, for plaintiff in error.

McCutchen & Shugart, contra.

Skinner et al. v. Roberts. Practice. New trial. Homestead. Husband and wife. Title. Tax execution. Before Judge Milner. Floyd superior court.

1. When an order appears in the transcript of the record which could be regular and properly granted by the superior court in term time only, and there is nothing to show that it was in fact granted at chambers or in vacation, the presumption is that it was granted in term.

2. Where an order granted in term for the hearing of a motion for a new trial in vacation is vague and indefinite as to the time and place of hearing, leaving the same open to be agreed upon by the judge and the counsel concerned, and the motion is in fact heard on a given day, no objection (so far as appears) being made to the time or place of the hearing, the indefiniteness of the order is not proper matter for exception in the bill of exceptions brought to this court.

3. Though the recitals of fact in a motion for a new trial, or an amendment thereto, may not be otherwise sufficiently verified by the judge, his granting a new trial is ample verification.

4. Where a homestead was taken in 1874 upon an application reciting that it was claimed under the act of 1868, and the amendments thereto, for the benefit of the applicant's family, this was a correct statement, prima facie, that the applicant was the head of such family as the recited act contemplated.

5. Where a homestead was taken upon premises to which the head of the family had no title except an unrecorded deed, and this deed was afterwards returned by him to the maker to be destroyed, and the maker destroyed it, and at the request of the homesteader executed a deed conveying the premises in fee simple to the latter's wife, which deed was duly recorded, so that thereafter an examination of the record of deeds would show title in the wife, but none whatever in the husband, a mortgage subsequently executed by her to secure a loan of money made to her by procurement of the husband, he disclaiming all title in himself to the premises and asserting that the title was in her, would bind the property, as against the homestead right, if the mortgagee parted with his money upon the faith of the security and without notice of the destroyed deed or of any title in the husband which passed thereby.

6. A tax execution issued by a tax collector after he goes out of office is not a legal process, and any sale of property thereunder is a mere nullity. If the collector's official term had expired, but his successor had not qualified, he would still be in office, so long as he acted officially.

7. The only way to set aside a judgment in a new trial, but could not have done otherwise.

Judgment affirmed.

Dean & Smith, for plaintiffs in error.

J. P. Hillier, contra.

Thomas v. Funkhouser. Insurance. Principal and agent. Evidence. Before Judge Churchill. City court of Floyd county.

By the law of this state (Code, section 2794), a contract of insurance must be in writing, though the writing need not be delivered if in other respects the contract is consummated. Where it is not delivered, an agent whose duty it is to keep the property of his principal insured is under obligation to see that in other respects the contract is consummated, and on being sued for a breach of duty, the burden of proving that it was in fact consummated is on him.

If he seeks to show this by evidence of a local custom whereby it was the practice of insurance companies to renew any policy about to expire by sending out a new policy shortly before the expiration of the former one and presenting a bill for the premium within a month or two after such expiration, the burden is on him to establish that this custom was complied with in the particular instance. If a new policy, though written up in the company's office, was never sent out, nor any bill for premium presented, nor any premium paid or tendered, and if the policy were destroyed by fire long after the usual time for thus consummating a renewal contract had elapsed, the agent is liable.

Judgment reversed.

Dean & Smith, for plaintiff in error.

O. N. Featherston, contra.

Villa Rica Lumber Company v. Paratani. Married woman. Suretyship. Contract. Before Judge Jones. Paulding superior court.

1. While a married woman cannot in any manner become a surety for her son-in-law so as to bind herself, or her property, for the payment of his debts, yet she may extinguish his debts, or cause them to be extinguished, on her own credit, with a mortgage upon her property as security for the performance of her own contract. Freeman v. Coleman, 88 Ga. 590; Finch v. Barclay, 87 Ga. 393. A note and mortgage given by a married woman to a creditor for her son-in-law in extinguishment of a debt from the latter to this creditor, and for the purpose of raising money to extinguish his debts to other creditors, will bind her.

2. The evidence in the present case, taken all together and fairly construed, negatives any theory of suretyship, the same showing that the debt of the son-in-law was not secured, but extinguished, and that no new debt for the consideration of the note and mortgage arose or was created against him as principal or any other character or relation. In Strauss v. Friend, 73 Ga. 782, the note and mortgage were made directly to the son-in-law, without consideration, and were held by him until after maturity and then transferred, the purchaser being chargeable with notice of the want of consideration.

Judgment reversed.

C. Hodnot and W. E. Spinks, for plaintiff in error.

J. J. Northcutt and W. K. Fielder, by brief, contra.

Carson, administrator v. Pears, administrator, et al. Amendment. Equity. Fraud. Title. Debtor and creditor. Practice. Before Judge Milner. Butts superior court.

1. Amendment to the declaration in an action on promissory notes against the administrator of the maker, which alleged that a conclusive and fraudulent decree was rendered against the administrator, denying the plaintiff's action, by which the available assets of the estate for the satisfaction of the creditors were recovered of the administrator by certain claimants, such assets consisting of a tract of land, the recovery was with the consent of the administrator and made for the purpose of defeating the plaintiff's suit against him; that thereafter the land was sold and the claimant named purchasers, who bought with notice of the plaintiff's claim, set forth a cause of action for general equitable relief against the administrator and the claimants of the land who colluded with him, but did not set forth any cause of action against the purchasers, there being no allegation that they purchased with notice of the fraud, or of any infirmity in the decree adjudicating the land to be the property of their vendors as against the estate represented by the administrator, the plaintiff's claim being simply a claim for money, notice of it would afford no suggestion that the title of the estate to the land was, or would be, in controversy.

2. A creditor who would not, after obtaining judgment against his debtor, be too late to proceed for a fraud committed against him by the debtor in collusion with third persons, is a fortiori, not too late when he proceeds before judgment by amendment to his pending action.

3. Where, in a statutory action upon promissory notes, the plaintiff filed an equitable amendment to his declaration, making additional parties and praying for special and general relief against them all, the amendment being meritorious as to

some of the new parties and not so as to others, it was error to sustain a motion to dismiss the amendment, made jointly by all the defendants.

Judgment reversed.

A. M. Speer and Wright & Beck, for plaintiff in error.

H. V. McKibben, W. W. Anderson and Hall & Hammond, contra.

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OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE AND READY TO SHOW. WE HAVE EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND IN A FIRST-CLASS CLOTHING STORE.

OUR HATS ARE GOING LIKE "HOT CAKES" BECAUSE THEY ARE CORRECT SHAPES AND GOOD GOODS AT REASONABLE PRICES.

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A few weeks ago a Chicago gentleman, who had been in Atlanta a short time, returned to his home. The brief absence had wrought such a change in him that he was not at first recognized by his own family. For years he had suffered from a chronic complaint of rather a complicated character. He had been in the hands of the doctors so long, and had endured such pain that when he left home he was but a shadow of his former self. So now, when he returned in perfect health, the surprise was complete.

The happy change was effected by using for a short time the treatment of DR. HATHAWAY & CO., the eminent specialists of this city. Their success is marvellous and you are sure of obtaining prompt and satisfactory results at a low and reasonable fee with all medicines furnished free.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN—Remember, results have followed our treatment of years of varied and successful experience in the use of curative methods that we alone own and control for the disorders of men who have weak or undeveloped or diseased organs, who are suffering from errors of youth and excess, or who are nervous and impotent, the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of their friends and companions, lead us to guarantee to all patients, if they can possibly be restored, our own exclusive treatment will afford a cure.

REMEMBER—That there is hope for you. Consult us, not only as you may waste valuable time. Obtain our treatment at once.

LADIES—You who have suffered from diseases peculiar to your sex, female weakness, should certainly try our new method of treatment, which surpasses the old methods, and does away with so much pain which is often experienced. Try our treatment and you will be satisfied.

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Bring them in. We are ready for them. For the little fellows the choicest novelties in Pants, Suits and Kelts. For the larger boys we show the handsomest line of \$5 Suits to be found in Atlanta. Remember we are also headquarters for Boys and Children's Hats.

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SPRING SUITS

I am prepared to furnish the latest and most fashionable patterns for Gents' Clothing at prices lower than any one. My goods are the best, and those who patronize me may have the assurance of getting exactly what they want, both as to quality, price and fit.

H. B. ELSTON,

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LESS THAN COST.

For ten days only we will sell an elegant suit that cost at the factory \$125 for \$75; suits that cost \$75 for \$45; folding beds that cost \$75 for \$40; folding beds that cost \$40 for \$25; but racks from \$5 up to \$100; large cane rocker for \$1.55; large oak chevel suits \$21.50; nice sixteenth century suits for \$12.50.

We have twenty carloads of furniture which will be here in ten days, and we are going to make things lively and must sell \$10,000 worth this week. Lounges, spring beds; everything goes at less than cost. Now is your time to buy.

MURPHY BROS.,

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Leaders of Low Prices.

CARPETS CLEANED.

This is the season of the year for carpet cleaning. We do the work. Also fur rugs, draperies and curtains.

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Leave orders with laundry wagons or telephone 629.

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It Ranks Among the First in the Country.

MR. CARL WEINMEISTER, OF THIS CITY
Applied for Admission Into Stevens Institute After Graduating Here, and Found That a Course Was Unnecessary.

It is time that Atlanta was waking up to a realization of what a treasure she has in the Technological school.

When a northern college, which occupies the highest reputed rank, refuses to accept an applicant for admission from the south who has previously had the benefit

This is in short the outcome of an interesting story which will be read with great deal of interest by the friends of the Technological school, and by the friends of both practical and higher education in this state.

city, and ranked among the leading men of his class. Being desirous of equipping himself more thoroughly for the work of his profession he conceived the idea of taking a special course at one of the northern institutions. This he felt to be necessary, not on account of any deficiency in the training of the Technological school, but by reason of the vastly superior advantages which could be obtained from the national institution of the kind in the country.

Accordingly soon after receiving his diploma from the school at Atlanta, he made his arrangements to go to Hoboken, N. J., to enter the Stevens Institute. This college has a reputation second to none in the country, and occupies the leading position among Technological schools.

When Mr. Weinmeister's application for admission to the school he was examined by the several professors in each of the

departments. They gave him a rigid examination and thoroughly sifted his knowledge in all the points touching upon him. He was sent to a theological school in Atlanta. It was found, however they had proceeded far that he was remarkably proficient in all of their departments, and their knowledge of practical divinity embraced all the studies in the curriculum of that institution.

"There is nothing we could do for you," said the superintendent. "You know all we can do for you."

In other words it was impossible for Mr. Weinmeister to learn anything at that school, except a small amount of collateral information. It was beyond the power of that institution to understand his knowledge, and the professors were candid with him.

"We find you thorough in all of the sciences,"

branches taught at this institution, the remark of one of the professors, "and to take a course in this institution would be to take advantage of the knowledge which you possess already."

This was the professor's remark in substance. Mr. Weinmeister was satisfied himself from what he could gather that while the college was handsomely equipped, and was one of the finest schools in the country, to one who had never graduated and had his career to make, it was nevertheless unnecessary as a supplement to his collegiate course in this city.

Accordingly, instead of wasting his time and money in a school without ground and

Armed with this information a representative of The Constitution called on Mr. Welmeister at the European hotel yesterday afternoon. He was found without difficulty, though his modesty was a serious difficulty in the way of ascertaining the desired information.

"Yes," said he, "the Technological school of this city is one of the best in the country, and nowhere in my travels

He is now at home on a short visit, and will return to the north in a few days.

Arrived at the institution, the first proposition was to constitute a committee. Mr. Weinmeister at the European hotel yesterday afternoon. He was found without difficulty, though he was somewhat late, and he was ready to begin the work of ascertaining the desired information.

"Yes," said he, "the Technological School is the one of the best in the country, and nowhere in my travels have I seen anything superior to its works. Of course we need more money, but I think we can get it. I have to cope successfully with northern institutions is the only thing in the way, but even as it is, the school is far more desecrating and far more useful than any of the others."

Mr. Weinmeister spoke with a great deal of earnestness and seemed to be proud of the institution from which he had obtained his education.

With a good mechanical library, a good testing machine, a laboratory for assaying ores, and perhaps a line of the best equipment in the country, the Atlanta School if Technology would be one of the finest in the country, and even as it is it is an institution of which every Atlantian should be proud.

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"Yes," said he, "the Technological school of this city is one of the best in the country. There is nowhere in my travels have I seen anything superior to its works. Of course we need more money to down here. The insufficiency of means is the only thing which hampers the school. It is the only thing in the way, but even as it is, the school is far more deserving and far more excellent than many suppose."

With a word with northern institutions of earnestness and seemed to be proud of the institution from which he had obtained his diploma.

With a good mechanical library, a good testing machine, a laboratory for assaying ores, and perhaps a little more practice in electrical measurements, the Atlanta School is well fitted with northern institutions to rival the country, and even as it is it is an institution of which every Atlantian should be proud.

Shot His Brother-in-Law.

Griffin, Ga., April 3.—(Special).—Meager details reached the city today of a shooting which occurred at the Holly Springs, Ga., a town named Pryor shot his brother-in-law, Whitaker, four times, some of the shots taking effect and badly wounding the unfortunate man. It seems that Whitaker was drinking, and entering Pryor's house, began to abuse him and his wife, when Pryor fired the fatal shot, killing him.

Nothing more done to his slavery, as the fault was his alone.

Mr. Hohenlock obtained a lucrative situation in New York. He is now at home on a short visit, and will return to the north in a few days.

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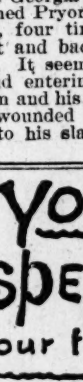
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"On or off the line, we're with the majority—'stuck' on **Pearline!**" And they're right—you will observe that their heads are level. Millions of women sing the same song as the clothespins. They may express it differently, but they mean the same thing. They mean that their work is easy and sooner done—and better done. No clothes worn out with the endless **rub, rub, rub** on the washboard. No backs tired out with it, either. These millions of women mean that they're using **Pearline**, saving labor, time, and money with it, and have proved it to be perfectly harmless. Now, what do **you** mean? Do **you** mean to try to do without it?

One of the remarkable features of these waters is the amount of FREE CARBONIC ACID GAS they contain, the bubbling of which can be heard many feet away. A glass of water dipped from the spring has ALL THE EFFERVESCENT of the best brands of champagne. Herein lies its GREAT VIRTUE AS A TABLE WATER.

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Ginger Champagne.

Non-Alcoholic

A perfect summer beverage prepared after our own special formula from the waters of the famous "Manitowish" effervescent springs, with an absolutely pure ginger extract ob-

Prepared with Cinchona and Cocoa.
 Prescribed by the highest medical authorities in cases of **ANEMIA, FEVERS** of every kind, **STOMACH COMPLAINTS**, and to **CONVALESCENTS**.
 To be had of all the principal chemists.
 General Depot: **PARIS, 5, Rue Bourg-l'Abbe.**
NEW YORK, 168 Duane St., (C. T. Travis, Mgr.)
Atlanta Depot, Geo. B. Danjel.

NOTICE.

I WILL receive bids for furnishing summer uniforms for the Atlanta police force until 12 o'clock, noon, Saturday, April 8, 1893. The uniforms are to be made of the best middie-ox cloth, indigo blue, fourteen-ounce cost and vest, and sixteen-ounce for pants. They shall be made and trimmed in the best workmanlike manner with the regulation police button on same.

I reserve the right to reject any or all uniforms according to my judgment not standing in respect.

A. B. CONNOLLY,
Chief of Police.

DON'T

the highest bidder by Goode & Beck;
also vacant lot.

Picture Framing.
Mr. Sam Walker, at 10 Marietta street, has
a large amount of picture frames that he desires
to close out in job lots to suit the purchaser.
Call on him or write him at once.

Auction.
Jentzen property at No. 135 White-
hall will be sold today at 12 o'clock.

Misses Dennis & Roberts
General shorthand and copying office, No.
8 Equitable Building. Stenographers fur-

Penchtree Lots at Auction Tomorrow
by Goode & Beck. Plans at their office.

THROUGH CARS

Is the Popular Queen and Crescent Route.

Cincinnati Limited—Leaves Atlanta 1:50
a. m., arrives Cincinnati 7:20 a. m.; Chi-
go 5:20 p. m. Cincinnati Vestibule and
Louisville through Line—Leaves Atlanta
7:40 a. m., arrives Cincinnati 7:20
a. m.; arrives Louisville 7:50 p. m.
Seaside Sleeper—Leaves Atlanta 4:10
p. m.; arrives Shortport 10:30 p. m.
Next day, connecting direct with through
cars for Texas and the west. feb10-dly

REMEMBER

Our goods are all first-
class. Yet our prices are
the lowest. Chamberlain

[illegible][illegible]

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5th, land between 83, fronting 86.3 feet on Mangum street, between Newton and Foundry streets, and running back 100 feet, according to the street numbers. Leveled on as the property of N. J. Tutweller to satisfy a f a in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Andes Insurance Co. for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5th, land between 47, fronting 66 feet on Pine street, and running back 100 feet, according to the street numbers. Leveled on as the property of N. J. Tutweller to satisfy a f a in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Andes Insurance Co. for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, fronting 234 yards on Windsor street, between corner of Windsor and Richmond streets, a certain lot known as No. 1, improved on said street according to the street numbers. Levied on as the property of H. Castleman, to satisfy a claim of said Castleman and said property for the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said property.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 6th, land lot 49, fronting 71 feet on Sixth street, between corner of Junior and Richmond streets, improved on said lot known as No. 1, improved, on said street, according to the street numbers. Levied on as the property of H. Castleman, to satisfy a claim of said

lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 24, land fronting 211 feet on Georgia avenue, and running back 3 feet, said lot vacant, on said lot, the City Land and Improvement Co. to satisfy a lien in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said company, to pay the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said lot, and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 24, land fronting 211 feet on Georgia avenue, between Capitol avenue and Crew streets, between Capitol City Land and Improvement Co. street. Leveled on as the property of Capitol City Land and Improvement Co., to satisfy a lien in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Capitol City Land and Improvement Co., to pay the cost of paving the sidewalk in front of said lot, and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 24, land fronting 10 feet on West Hunter street, between alley and Maple street, and

0-100

lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 70, fronting 35 feet on Maple street between Cartter and Hunter streets, and running back 100 feet, said lot vacant. Leveled on as the property of Jim Allen to satisfy a *fi. fa.* in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Henry Magland and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a trunk sewer through his property.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1, land lot 70, fronting 35 feet on Maple street between Cartter and Hunter streets, and running back 100 feet, said lot vacant. Leveled on as the property of Jim Allen to satisfy a *fi. fa.* in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Henry Magland and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a sewer through his property.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 70, fronting 31 feet on Luckie street, between Edgewood and College streets, and running back 100 feet, said lot known as 383 on said street, according to street numbers. Leveled on as the property of Thomas F. Corrigan to satisfy a *fi. fa.* in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Thomas F. Corrigan and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a sewer along Luckie street.

Also at the same time and place, the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 70, fronting 49 feet on Luckie street, between Edgewood and College streets, and running back 100 feet, said lot known as 385 on said street, according to street numbers. Leveled on as the property of Thomas F. Corrigan to satisfy a *fi. fa.* in favor of the city of Atlanta against said Thomas F. Corrigan and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a sewer along Luckie street.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 6, land lot 10, fronting 35 feet on Luckie street, between Edgewood avenue and College street, and running back 100 feet, said lot known as 401 on said street, according to street numbers. Leveled on as the property of J. N. Smith to satisfy a *fi. fa.* in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J. N. Smith and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a sewer along Butler street.

Also at the same time and place the following described property to-wit: A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 5, land lot 10, fronting 35 feet on Luckie street, between Dalry and Luckie streets, and running back 100 feet, said lot vacant. Leveled on as the property of J. N. Smith to satisfy a *fi. fa.* in favor of the city of Atlanta against said J. N. Smith and said property for the proportion of cost of constructing a sewer along Luckie street.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to wit: A lot in the city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1st, land belonging to Hunter and Alabama streets, and bounded by said streets, and by the property of said said street. Leveled on as the property of said Kittle Steele, to satisfy a d. fa. in favor of said Kittle Steele and said property for the proportion of constructing a sewer along the following Broad street.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to wit: A lot in the city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1st, land belonging to Greenberry and Holland streets, and running back 100 feet. said lot improved on as the property of said M. M. Alston, to satisfy a d. fa. in favor of said M. M. Alston and said property for the proportion of constructing a sewer along Chapel street.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to wit: A lot in the city lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 1st, land belonging to Hunter and Alabama streets, and bounded by said streets, and by the property of said said street. Leveled on as the property of said Kittle Steele, to satisfy a d. fa. in favor of said Kittle Steele and said property for the proportion of constructing a sewer along the following Broad street.

street proper of Courtland avenue with granite blocks.

At the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 23, landings 60 feet, said lot known as No. 96 on said avenue, street, according to the street numbers, situated on the property of T. F. Corrigan, satisfied in full in favor of the city of Atlanta against said T. F. Corrigan and said lot, for the purpose of cost of paving of road or street proper of Woodward avenue with granite blocks.

At the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: A certain lot in the city of Atlanta, ward 23, landings 194 feet on West Hunter street, between Green street and West Hunter street, said lot known as No. 110 on said street, satisfied in full in favor of the city of Atlanta against said T. F. Corrigan and said lot, for the purpose of cost of paving of road or street proper of Woodward avenue with granite blocks.

84, fronting 52 feet on Stonewall street, between Chapel and Walker streets, and running back 132 feet, said to improved, was owned by M. McDonald, to satisfy a *fa fa* in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Mrs. N. McDonald and said property for the proper of Stonewall street with granite blocks. Also, at the same time and place, city lot in ward 5, county Georgia, containing 802 square feet, more or less, on Wilson street, the said being improved property in the city of Atlanta, Ga. adjoining Eubanks. Leveled on the property of Kelly, to satisfy a *fa fa* in favor of the city of Atlanta, against said Kelly for city taxes for the year 1892.

...G.M. adjoining Fraser street, Leveled on the
...to satisfy a 1/4 in favor of the city
...of Atlanta, Georgia, containing 40x100
...trustees, for city taxes for year 1892.
...Also, at the same time and place, city lot in
...city, Georgia, containing 40x100
...net, more or less, on alley to alley, the said
...adjoining Akers, Leveled on a 1/4
...property of Frank A. Pierce, to satisfy a 1/4
...of Atlanta, Georgia, containing 40x100
...said Frank A. Pierce for city taxes for the
...Also, at the same time and place, city lot in
...ard 3, land lot 53, originally Henry
...more or less, on Fraser street, No. 165 and 168,
...he said being improved property in the city
...of Atlanta, Georgia, containing 40x100
...the property of Giltiam D. McDonald, on
...plaints against said Giltiam D. McDonald for
...ty taxes for year 1891.
...Also, at the same time and place, city lot
...ard 3, land lot 53, originally Henry
...dition county, Georgia, containing 50x210 feet

ELECTROPOISE "VICTORY."

The only well-known, made by Dr. H. Sanche, the well-known and admitted discoverer and inventor. Beware of the imitation. We call attention to the opinion of A. A. Wood & Son, the only patent attorneys of Atlanta, of Dr. Sanche's patents and trade mark printed below.

BECK & BACON,
36 Grant Building, Atlanta, Ga.

A. A. WOOD & SON,
Solicitors American and Foreign Patents,
Trade Marks and Labels. Mechanical
Engineers and Patent Experts. Cable
address "Allwood," Atlanta.

P. O. Box 398, Atlanta, Dec. 22, 1892.

Messrs. Beck & Bacon, Grant Building,
City:

Gentlemen—Pursuant to your instructions, we have examined the patents of Dr. H. Sanche in connection with the so-called "Electropoise" made by the Electroalibration Company, of Birmingham, Ala., and we have to report as follows:

Said instrument is clearly an infringement of the patent rights of Dr. Sanche, and especially of his letters patent No. 476,080, granted May 31, 1892, which, it must be stated, was granted by the patent office in full view of the rights of said company as found of record in the patent office.

The words "Electropoise Victory" are found of record as the lawful trade mark of said Dr. Sanche. Very truly yours,

A. A. WOOD & SON.

NO 2

COME

This week if you desire a
nice Parlor Suit. New line
just received. Chamberlain,
Johnson & Co.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All
Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
SEABOARD AIR-LINE.	
(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION)	

From Wash. Riv.	5.30	pm only	to Washington	6.20	pm
From Wash. Riv.	6.30	pm	to Washington	7.20	pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R.R.					
From Richmond	6.00	am	to Richmond	6.30	am
From Richmond	6.30	am	to Greensboro	4.10	pm
From Greensboro	8.00	am	to Richmond	8.30	am
From Greensboro	8.30	am	to Baltimore	11.00	pm

EAST TENN. VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RY.					
From Cincinnati	12.05	am	to St. George	1.05	am
From Cincinnati	1.05	am	to Knoxville	1.55	am
From Jacksonville	7.35	am	to Chattanooga	7.15	am
From Jacksonville	7.35	am	to Macon	7.15	am
From Jacksonville	8.15	pm	to Chattanooga	1.30	pm
From Jacksonville	8.15	pm	to Macon	1.30	pm
From Jacksonville	8.30	pm	to Jacksonville	10.00	pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.					
From Miami	11.00	am	to Fort Valley	8.00	am
Daily except Sunday. Sunday only all others					

SEABOARD AIR-LINE, AND TO AND FROM					
Short Line to Norfolk and Old Point, Va., and Columbia, S. C. New Line to Charleston, S. C.					
NORTHBOUND.			SOUTHBOUND.		
No. 8.	No. 36.	Eastern Time.	No. 45.	No. 46.	Eastern Time.
Daily	Daily	Except Atlanta.	Daily	Daily	Except Atlanta.
8.15	7.00	am	7.45	pm	9.15
Lv. Atlanta			Lv. Atlanta		
U. Depot, City P.			U. Depot, City P.		

5:35 pm	Ar	Petersburg	10 00 am
6:00 pm	Ar	Richmond	9 15 am
11:15 pm	Ar	Washington	3 30 am
12:45 a.m.	Ar	Baltimore	12 00 am
5:45 am	Ar	Philadelphia	12 00 am
6:00 am	Ar	New York	9 00 pm
7:20 am	Ar	Richmond	10 30 pm
10:45 am	Ar	New York	12 15 pm
5:45 pm	Ar	Pittsburg	9 15 am
10:45 am	Ar	Philadelphia	11 15 pm
4:45 am	Ar	New York	10 45 pm
6:00 pm	Ar	Washington	7 00 pm
10:30 am	Ar	Washington	7 00 pm

(Daily except Sunday. D is except Monday.
 (A) Via Annapolis. (V) Via Bay
 View. (P) Via New York, Philadelphia and
 Norfolk Steamroad. (W) Via Norfolk and Wash-
 ington Steamboat Company. * Cold water through

PLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE.

The most direct line and best route to Montgomery New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.
The following schedule in effect April 1st, 1904

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 51 Daily.	No. 52 Daily.	No. 94 Daily
New Atlanta.	4 30 p m	11 15 p m	7 40 a m
" " "	5 17 p m	12 26 a m	6 02 a m
" " "	6 28 p m	1 36 a m	4 14 a m
" " "	6 58 p m	2 06 a m	3 44 a m
" " "	7 28 p m	2 36 a m	3 14 a m

	No. 81. Daily.	No. 82. Daily.	No. 83. Daily.
Mobile.	3 15 am	11 15 pm	
W. Mobile.	3 30 am	11 30 pm	
W. Panama.	3 45 am	11 45 pm	
W. Panama.	3 55 am	11 55 pm	
W. Panama.	4 10 pm	12 10 pm	
W. Panama.	4 20 pm	12 20 pm	
W. Panama.	4 30 pm	12 30 pm	
W. Panama.	4 40 pm	12 40 pm	
W. Panama.	4 50 pm	12 50 pm	
W. Panama.	5 00 pm	1 00 pm	
W. Panama.	5 10 pm	1 10 pm	
W. Panama.	5 20 pm	1 20 pm	
W. Panama.	5 30 pm	1 30 pm	
W. Panama.	5 40 pm	1 40 pm	
W. Panama.	5 50 pm	1 50 pm	
W. Panama.	6 00 pm	2 00 pm	
W. Panama.	6 10 pm	2 10 pm	
W. Panama.	6 20 pm	2 20 pm	
W. Panama.	6 30 pm	2 30 pm	
W. Panama.	6 40 pm	2 40 pm	
W. Panama.	6 50 pm	2 50 pm	
W. Panama.	7 00 pm	3 00 pm	
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W. Panama.	8 10 pm	4 10 pm	
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W. Panama.	5 50 pm	1 50 pm	
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W. Panama.	7 50 pm	3 50 pm	
W. Panama.	8 00 pm	4 00 pm	
W. Panama.	8 10 pm	4 10 pm	
W. Panama.	8 20 pm	4 20 pm	
W. Panama.	8 30 pm	4 30 pm	
W. Panama.	8 40 pm	4 40 pm	
W. Panama.	8 50 pm	4 50 pm	

This image shows a vertical strip of a document, likely a book or manuscript. The left side is a dark, textured binding, possibly leather or cloth, with some visible wear and small white specks. The right side is a lighter, off-white or cream-colored page, which appears to be blank or has extremely faded text that is illegible. The overall appearance is that of an old, worn volume.



CUT GLASS.

Our stock is entirely new, every piece having been received during the past six days. This is the most complete assortment to be seen in Atlanta. Examine our prices before purchasing. J. P. STEVENS & BRO.

rhine wine.

Fifteen varieties to select from—as many clarets and sauternes, every grade and price, come on, ye drinkers.

bluthenthal & bickart,

"b. & b."

schlitz "pilsner," "extra pale," "extra stout," "canadian club," "goulet champagne," "green label," (genuine), "old oscar pepper," "quiere, quiere, quiere, quiere."

Prepare for the Worst by Getting the Best.

We hardly expect this brilliant exhibition of intelligence to illumine your countenance as the lurid flames of the burning Kimball once lit up the pale faces of the citizens of Atlanta, still, we hope to keep our memory green by furnishing you dry lumber made up into interior finish mantels, bank and store fixtures, at our justly celebrated establishment Nos. 115, 117 and 119 West Mitchell street.

MAY MANTEL COMPANY.

MANUFACTURER OF SAUSAGE
C. A. RAUSCHENBERG
133 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.
TELEPHONE 406.
Dealer in Fine Western and Tennessee Beef, Mutton, Pork, Sliced and Smoked Meats, Poultry and Game in Season. Your Orders Solicited.
March 22-1m on D&C

STUART'S

Gin and Buchu

CURES

KIDNEY DISEASES

For the last few years kidney disease has been rapidly on the increase.

Insidious in its approach—alarming in its consequences—this terrible scourge has cut down some of the brightest intellects of the age. Many suffer from kidney trouble long before they are aware of the true character of their complaint.

In disease any neglect or delay is dangerous. This is peculiarly true of all kidney affections. As soon as the first symptoms appear, treatment should commence.

Dull pain in the back, weakness over the joints or tenderness upon pressure, scanty or reddish urine, cloudy after standing, brick dust deposit, burning or uric acid reaction, smarting or burning pains in passing water, etc., are danger signals, and should be promptly heeded.

Stuart's Gin and Buchu

Is the remedy you need. By its use you do not have to lie up for treatment. You can follow your usual avocation and also get well.

Hello, 672!
Is that Standard Wagon Co.?
Yes.

Customer says: "I have decided to take that buggy and harness I was looking at this morning."
"All right; we will have it fitted up properly, so you can get it in time for afternoon drive."
Our goods are easily sold.

Standard Wagon Co.,
38 and 40 Walton St.

Sealed Proposals for Supplies,
To Merchants, Dealers
and Others.

The city of Atlanta invites bids for articles of supplies in your line of business to be furnished as ordered from time to time during the year from May 2, 1893, to May 2, 1894, as the goods may be needed. Bids specifying the articles on which to make bids can be obtained at the city comptroller's office. All bids must be addressed to the finance committee, care of the city comptroller, and marked plainly on the envelope the class of goods for which the bid is made. Bids will be received until 12 o'clock noon Tuesday, April 11, 1893. They will be opened by the finance committee from the council and contracts awarded. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Any information regarding manner of bidding or anything else in connection therewith will be furnished by the city comptroller.

J. H. GOLDSMITH, City Comptroller.

Want to buy 20 shares Germania Loan and Banking Co.'s stock. Aaron Haas & Co., Kiser Building, 37 S. Pryor St.

THE OLD AND THE NEW

Colonel Darnell Retired from Office Yesterday Morning.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY JAMES IT IS NOW.

Three ex-District Attorneys Watched the Formalities with Interest—Judge Newman and Colonel Darnell Spoke.

District Attorney Joe James is the way it reads now, and that gentleman is already familiar with the routine of his office. His first work was to approve of seven warrants.

Colonel Joe James received his commission yesterday morning and was sworn in a little after noon yesterday by United States Court Clerk Mr. O. C. Fuller. After being sworn in by the clerk the new district attorney was taken in charge by ex-District Attorney Darnell and led into the United States courtroom and there the formality of an introduction to the court, Judge Newman presiding, was gone through with.

District Attorney James was introduced to Judge Newman by his predecessor, Colonel Darnell. His introduction of District Attorney James was also the occasion of his own official farewell to the court, with which he has been associated for the past four years.

"May it please the court," said Colonel Darnell, "my term of office as United States attorney for this district having expired, and my successor having been appointed and qualified, I am now ready to deliver to him his property, with all the books, records, papers and property belonging thereto. In taking leave of the court and its officers, with whom I have been so long and so pleasantly associated, officially and otherwise, I wish to express to you and to them the high sense of appreciation I feel for the uniform kindness and courtesy shown me in the discharge of the many and sometimes difficult duties devolving upon me."

"And I desire, more especially, to bear testimony to your own high sense of duty, justice and impartiality in the administration of the laws of the United States in this district, and that disposition on the part of the court to deal with all with as much of the humanity and mercy of the law as may be consistent with its requirements."

"If I have committed errors in the performance of duty, I beg your indulgence to them, and I beg the result of intention to do so. I have prosecuted for the United States as vigorously as, from a sense of duty and the due observance of my oath of office, was required, and I leave the office unconscious of having done to any the slightest intentional injustice."

"The condition of the office is such that my successor will, I trust, find no difficulty in entering upon the discharge of its duties to the entire satisfaction of all, and I now present him to you as the United States attorney for this district and bid you and the officers of the court an official and affectionate farewell."

Judge Newman Replied Feelingly. When the ex-district attorney had concluded the introduction of his successor, Judge Newman said:

"I reciprocate all that has been so aptly expressed by Colonel Darnell, who retires from office today. Our relations have always been of the kindest and everything that has passed between us has always been in the most cordial feeling. I can commend the ex-district attorney as a most faithful and vigorous officer, one who never relaxed his efforts in endeavoring to discover bottom facts in all his cases. I take pleasure, also, in welcoming the new district attorney, who comes so highly recommended, and who is so well known throughout the state as a gentleman of the highest ability."

During the introduction of District Attorney James to the court there were three ex-district attorneys looking on—Judge Bigby, Hon. Ben Hill and Colonel Darnell.

It was immediately after the introduction of Colonel James to the court that Colonel Rucker took his oath of office as assistant attorney, his commission having arrived sooner than had been anticipated. Just after the formality of the introduction was over the new district attorney received a telegram from the attorney general inquiring whether or not he had been sworn in. Colonel James immediately answered that he had been.

They Took Immediate Possession. As soon as the first formalities were over Colonel Darnell, whose commission did not expire until today, tendered Colonel James his office and the new district attorney accepted and went to work at once. The approval of the seven warrants mentioned was his first official act.

Colonel Rucker, assistant district attorney, left last evening for home, where he will remain until tomorrow. Colonel Darnell will not leave the city for several days yet, as he has not as yet had a conference with Colonel James. He has, however, placed his services at the disposal of the district attorney.

"Brace up" is a tantalizing admonition to those who feel that without appetite and discouraged. Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the tired frame and gives a good appetite.

When you feel a general lassitude and breaking down of the system, Angostura Bitters will work a wonderful change. Dr. J. G. B. Siegart & Sons, manufacturers. At all druggists.

Auction. Jentzen property at No. 135 Whitehall will be sold today at 12 o'clock.

SPANISH LESSONS. The Berlitz School of Languages has secured the services of Senor Don Jose Llorens, a highly cultivated gentleman from Havana, Cuba. Business men desiring to join the evening classes will do well to confer with Professor B. Collonge, 17 E. Calhoun street.

Auction. Jentzen property at No. 135 Whitehall will be sold today at 12 o'clock.

Wanted. Special and local agents to represent the Penn Mutual Life in all the cities and towns of north Georgia. Guenther & Ratliff, general agents, Gould building, Atlanta, Ga. mar28-2m tue fri sat

Go to the Peachtree Home Sale Tomorrow. Parts of English View and the Reynolds property at auction by Goode & Beck. The cream of Peachtree.

Atlanta Elevator Company manufacturers of passenger and freight elevators. Call on them for anything in this line. Jan 15-3t sun tue fri

Buy the Peachtree Lots at Auction Tomorrow. By Goode & Beck. Part of English View and the Reynolds property.

For new or second-hand machinery in thorough repair, call on or telephone Joseph S. Cook & Co. Jan 15-sun tue fri

For Rent. The second story of The Constitution building. Would prefer tenant to occupy whole floor without partitioning into rooms. Electric lights and heating complete. Particularly well adapted for manufacturing plant, centrally located, bridge on Forsyth street nearing completion. Call upon W. A. Hemphill, Business Manager. feb28-tf

If you are bilious, take Beecham's Pills.

Baseball today; Atlanta vs. Chicago.

COME THIS WEEK and examine our new Furniture. Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.

Germs of Disease

like consumption germs, for instance, may be taken into the system at any time. But when the system is undermined the germs take root and grow. After a hard Winter the body needs a nourishment (not a mere tonic or medicine,) to help ride out the storms of Spring and withstand disease. Exposure to disease now means the taking of disease, unless the system is properly nourished.

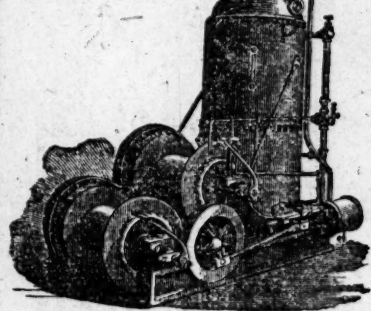
SCOTT'S EMULSION

of COD-LIVER OIL, with hypophosphites of lime and soda, is a food which builds up new tissue quickly, and helps to overcome the germs of disease. It supplies what has been consumed in Winter and thus fortifies the system against sudden changes in temperature, and damp, piercing winds. Physicians, the world over, endorse it.

PREPARED BY SCOTT & BOWNE, N. Y. DRUGGISTS SELL IT.

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SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES! SUPPLIES!
WROUGHT IRON PIPE,
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Agents for Ledgerwood Hoisting Engines.

Hangers, Boxes, etc.,
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IRON and WOOD
WORKING MACHINERY.

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Ride a Victor and you ride the best—will enjoy life, and look better, feel better, work better.

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31 and 93 Whitehall St.

GREAT AFTER EASTER

Sale of fine Grand Rapids Chamber, Parlor
and Dining Room

FURNITURE!

300 VERY HANDSOME PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES AND TURKISH CHAIRS. WE HAVE MADE A BIG CUT ALL THROUGH OUR STORE PARTIES IN SEARCH OF BARGAINS IN FURNITURE CAN SURELY FIND THEM ON OUR FLOORS. SOLID OAK SUITS, \$15, \$18 AND \$20. PARLOR SUITS, \$25, \$30 AND \$35. THE GREATEST BARGAINS ON EARTH.

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FURNITURE, GOLD GLASSES, RATTAN CHAIRS, HAT RACKS, BOOKCASES, CHIFFONNIERS, FANCY DESKS, COUCHES, EASY CHAIRS.

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THE BEST \$50, \$75, \$100 AND \$150 PARLOR AND BEDROOM SUITS EVER SHOWN IN ATLANTA FOR THE MONEY. NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

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Preparations!

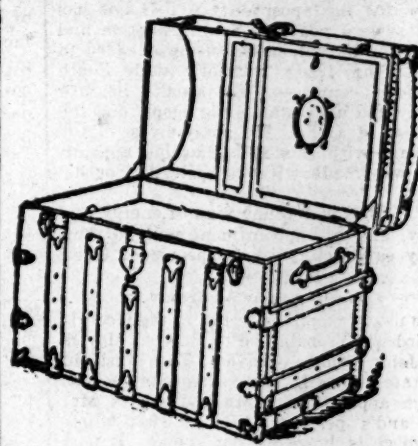
YOU KNOW YOU'LL WANT ONE—EVERYBODY DOES. WE HAVE AN UNUSUALLY LARGE STOCK COMPLETE IN EVERY DETAIL. STYLES THAT AT ONCE COMMAND THE ATTENTION OF EVERY GOOD DRESSER. YOU DON'T GROW TOO LARGE. YOU ARE NOT TOO SMALL TO FIND YOUR IDEA OF A SPRING SUIT. OUR DISPLAY OF HATS, NECKWEAR AND ALL KINDS OF MEN AND BOYS FIXINGS IS READY FOR YOUR INSPECTION.

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AGED WHISKIES A SPECIALTY. HARRY HILL, Sec'y.

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What's the use advertising our young men's Suits? The stock has so long had command of the market for freshness, originality, completeness and economy that the young men come as a matter of course.

But life means growth, and advertising means both, for there are some that haven't yet found the joy of our clothing.

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Cordial relations exist between our Merchant Tailoring Department and the tasteful men of this city.

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